Coal: A sustainable energy source with long-term reliability

Michael Eyll-Vetter, Vice President Mine Planning, RWE Power AG European Coal Days 2010 – Round Table on Coal Brussels, 10 November 2010



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Structure

- Why do we need coal?
- How can we move into a low-carbon energy system?
- Is coal a sustainable resource?

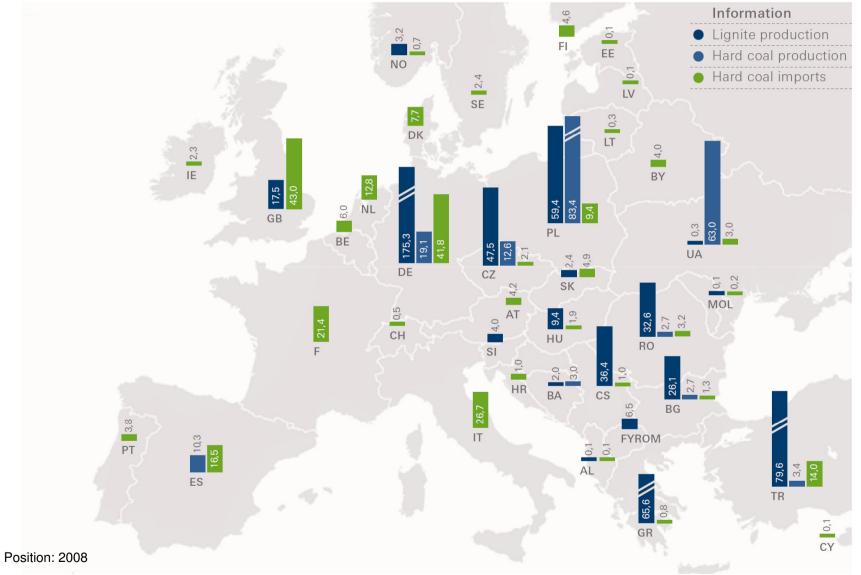


Coal is secure, reliable, affordable and sustainable

- Coal is the world's fastest-growing source of primary energy and the No.1 fuel for power generation
- Hard coal and lignite represent almost 80% of EU-27 domestic fossil fuel reserves.
- Coal balances the EU energy mix and avoids supply and price risks.
- Coal mining and value chain create wealth in the EU, particularly in a number of disadvantaged regions.
- The coal industry employs around 280,000 people (indirect: 700,000)



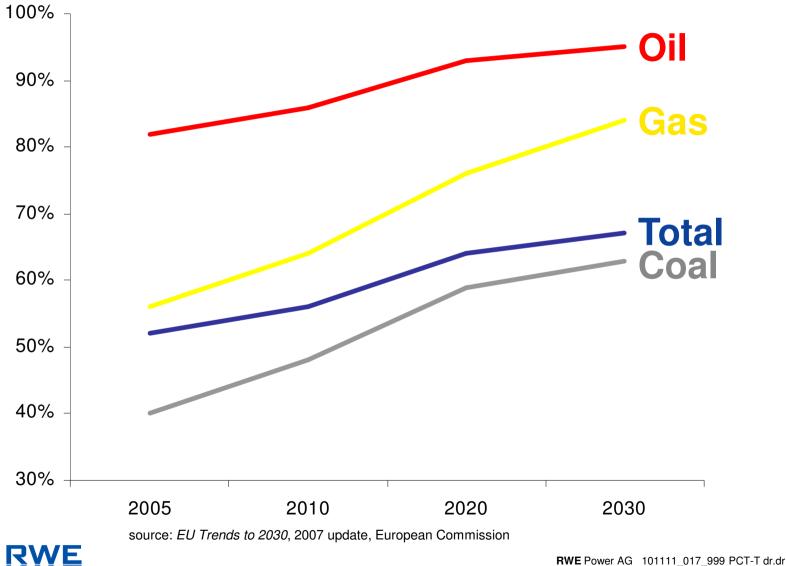
Coal is widely used in most EU Member States





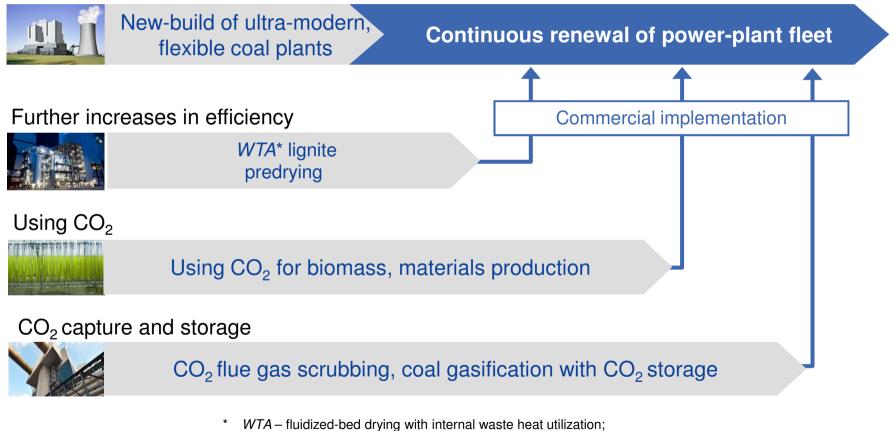
The use of coal helps to limit total import dependence

The energy to lead



The path to low-CO₂ coal-based power generation of the future at RWE Power

Efficiency increase and higher flexibility thanks to continuous renewals



innovative process to increase efficiency by predrying lignite.



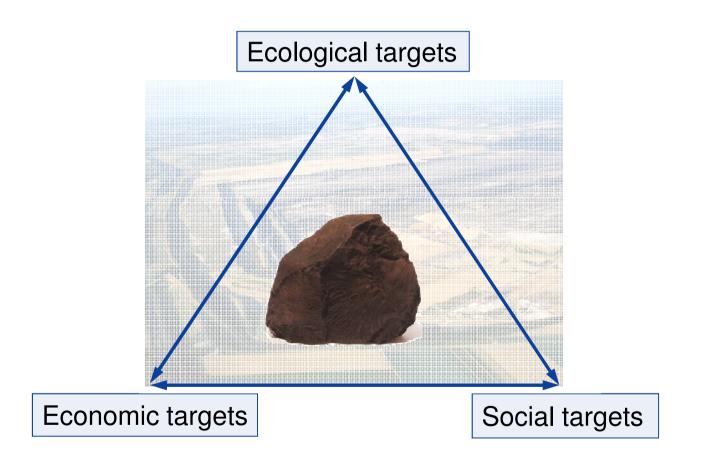
Continuous power-plant renewals in the Rhenish lignite-mining area



 BoA technology as worldwide efficiency standard in lignite-based power generation:

- -Efficiency increases of 12 percentage points compared with old systems
- -Reduction in CO₂ emissions by some 30% or nearly 3 million tonnes per 1,000 MW annually
- BoA 1 with 944 MW commissioned in 2003
- New-build BoA 2&3, commercial operations planned for 2011







Ecological targets

- Low-CO₂ generation options
- Flexible power plants as partner to renewable resources
- Environmentally compatible mining on a continuous basis
- Recultivation and water-management measures are reliable and effective and are setting standards

Economic targets





Recultivation and water-management





Ecological targets

- Future-proof apprenticeships and jobs
- High standard of occupational health and safety
- High value-added in the region
- Well-functioning stakeholder dialogue for the necessary general acceptance in the region
- Socially compatible resettlement

Economic targets





Socially compatible resettlement







Ecological targets

- Security of supply
- Predictable low costs of power-generation in the long term
- Basis for technology transfer
- Attractive refined products for the heat market and environmental applications

Economic targets

Social targets



Ecological targets

- Security of supply
- Predictable low costs of power-generation in the long term
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- Attractive refined products for environmental applications and the heat market

Economic targets





RWE The energy to lead

Dust, Activated Carbon

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In summary

- Security of energy supply:
 - Coal limits import dependence.
- Climate protection:
 - Cost-efficient climate protection from power-plant renewals/ modernization, increases in efficiency and CCS / CCU
 - Coal is backup capacity for renewables
- Sustainable development
 - Climate protection, economic efficiency and security of supply must guide the balanced development of future energy supplies
 - Major contribution to regional development with value-adding jobs
 - Mining is sustainable from planning through to land restoration

► Coal is secure, reliable, affordable and sustainable

